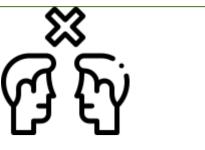


# Post-pandemic social learning via 888 888 online technologies

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**Context**: Post-pandemic time → social isolation & loneliness

Purpose of the project development ()



- 1. Explore possibilities of meaningful communicative practice socially
- 2. Utilize learning online tools to bring students together
- 3. Bridge the psychological distance and foster a sense

# **Collected Data**

1. Student project samples



2. Student interactions and zoom polling

#### of belonging

### **Theoretical considerations**



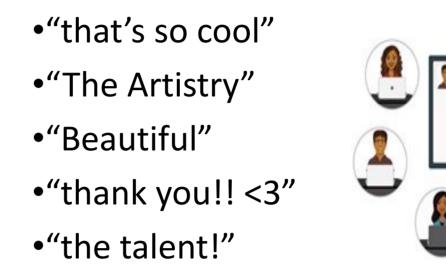
•Collaborative social learning via internet technologies (Dillenbourg and Schneider 1995)

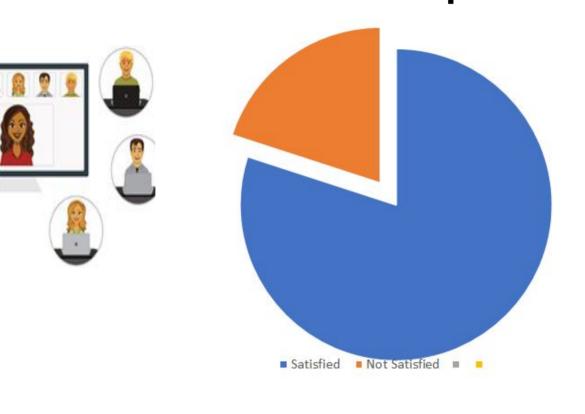
•Technology-assisted learning promotes collaborative social learning (Hui et all 2007)

•Collaborative learning via technologies fosters a sense of socially connected (Chayko 2014)

•"[T]he sense of belonging and connectedness contributes to meaning in life" (Lumann and Stavrova 2016)







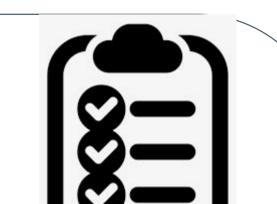
# Challenges

Physical distance Lack of communication



Technological gap - internet connectivity Canva -- no local file storage, limited features & designs,

**Pedagogical implications** 



#### Methodology

Instructional setting: The Second-Year Korean Course: 18 students Instructional delivery via zoom Student assignment midterm group project: Creating Cultural Movie Poster Groundwork for an idea : Intercultural blog activities (bi-weekly group project) Specific guidelines given for prop work and feedback

Canva, Google Docs, GroupoMe, Zoom meeting for collaboration

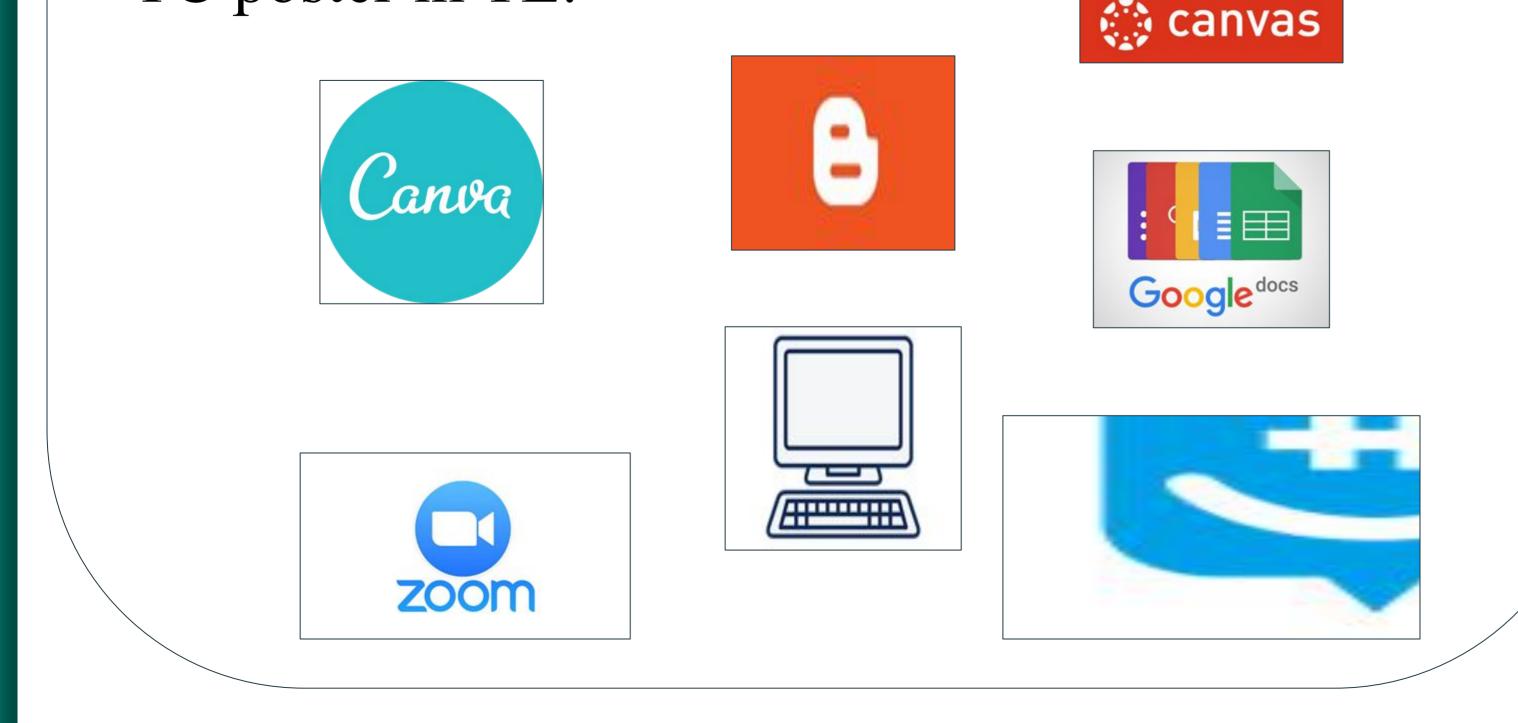
Final format: PDF

Each group member was assigned to present the TC poster in TL.

- 1. Give specific guidelines.
- 2. Check in with students periodically.
- 3. Encourage students to stay on track.
- 4. Provide tutorials on online platforms for collaboration.
- 5. Be flexible and supportive.
- 6. Discuss cultural aspects embedded in TL.
- 7. Consider tasks that can be done remotely together.

#### **References:**

Chayko, M. (2014). Techno-social Life: The Internet, Digital Technology, and Social Connectedness. *Sociology Compass*. Volume 8, Issue 7, 976-991. https://doi.org/10.1111/soc4.12190 Dillenbourg, P. & Schneider, D. (1995). Collaborative learning and the Internet. *Proceedings of the Internet Conference on* Computer Assisted Instruction (ICCAI). S-10-6-S-10-13. Hui, W, et al (2007). Technology-assisted learning: a longitudinal field study of knowledge category, learning effectiveness and satisfaction in language learning. Journal of Computer Assisted *Learning*. Volume 24, Issue 3, 245- 259. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365- 2729.2007.00257.x Luhmann, M., Stavrova, O. (2016). Social connectedness as a source and consequence of meaning in life. *The Journal of Positive Pyschology.* 11(5), 470-479. https://psycnet.apa.org/doi/10.1080/17439760.2015.1117127



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